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APPLICATION NO.	NO. FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/076,481	02/19/2002		Fern Beauchamp	409p5	2409
	7590	09/17/2003			
MARK A. K			EXAMINER		
866 Main Street East Hamilton, ON L8M 1L9				SMITH, JA	MES G
CANADA				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
				3723	\sim
			•	DATE MAILED: 09/17/2003	Δ

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Applicati	on No.	Applicant(s)	
055			81	BEAUCHAMP, FERN	
Offi	ce Action Summary	Examine	r	Art Unit	
		James G		3723	
<i> The M.</i> Period for Reply	AILING DATE of this communic	ation appears on th	e cover sheet with the o	correspondence address	
THE MAILING - Extensions of time after SIX (6) MO - If the period for rown of the period for	ED STATUTORY PERIOD FO B DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC Be may be available under the provisions of NTHS from the mailing date of this communication peply specified above is less than thirty (30) peply is specified above, the maximum status within the set or extended period for reply with and by the Office later than three months after an adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATION. 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no explication. days, a reply within the statory period will apply and vill, by statute, cause the ap	vent, however, may a reply be til tutory minimum of thirty (30) day vill expire SIX (6) MONTHS from plication to become ABANDONE	mely filed ys will be considered timely. In the mailing date of this communication (35 U.S.C. § 133).	l.
Status					
<u>, </u>	nsive to communication(s) file				
<i>'</i>		o)⊠ This action is			
<i>,</i> —	this application is in condition f in accordance with the praction	•	• •		S
·) <u>1-18</u> is/are pending in the ap	onlication			
,	ne above claim(s) is/are	•	onsideration		
) is/are allowed.		,		
· <u> </u>) <u>1-18</u> is/are rejected.				
) is/are objected to.				
<u> </u>) are subject to restricti	on and/or election i	requirement.		
Application Pape	· 		•		
9) The spec	cification is objected to by the	Examiner.			
10) The drav	ving(s) filed on is/are: a	ı) accepted or b)	objected to by the Exa	miner.	
Applica	ant may not request that any object	ction to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. S	See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
11) The prop	oosed drawing correction filed	on is: a)∏ a	approved b)⊡ disappro	oved by the Examiner.	
If appro	oved, corrected drawings are requ	ired in reply to this C	ffice action.		
12) The oath	or declaration is objected to b	y the Examiner.			
Priority under 35	U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120				
13) Acknow	ledgment is made of a claim for	or foreign priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119(a	a)-(d) or (f).	
a)∐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:				
1.□ C	ertified copies of the priority de	ocuments have bee	en received.		
2. 🗌 C	ertified copies of the priority de	ocuments have bee	en received in Applicat	ion No	
	opies of the certified copies of application from the Interna attached detailed Office action	tional Bureau (PCT	Rule 17.2(a)).	•	
	edgment is made of a claim for		•		on).
a) 🗌 The	e translation of the foreign lang edgment is made of a claim for	uage provisional a	oplication has been red	ceived.	•
Attachment(s)	sagmont to made of a dialiff for	. domocdo priority t			
1) Notice of Reference 2) Notice of Drafts	ences Cited (PTO-892) person's Patent Drawing Review (PTo closure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Pap			y (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)	

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 2. Claims 2-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

It is unclear as to what structure is being claimed that corresponds to the "means for selectively releasing a tool bit" in claims 3 and 4. It appears that the user removes the bit from its compartment and thus this claim is drawn to the user and not to the tool.

Claims 2, 8 and 9 reclaim the bit compartment as it is already recited in claim 1, from which claim 2 depends.

In claim 6 it is unclear as to what the "means for incrementally rotating" refers as the user is the "means".

Claims 16-18 are drawn to some vague "combination", however the only independent claim, claim 1, requires a shaft to engage a drill and there is no support for the engagement of both a drill and a handle.

3. Normally a claim which fails to comply with the first and/or second paragraph of § 112 will not be analyzed as to whether it is patentable over the prior art since to do so would of necessity require speculation with regard to the metes and bounds of the claimed subject matter, In re Steele, 308 F.2d 859, 862-63, 134 USPQ 292, (CCPA 1962) and In re Wilson, 424 F.2d 1382, 1385, 496 USPQ 494, 496 (CCPA 1970).

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.
- 5. Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being clearly anticipated by Huang as the claim is identical to that in the parent application.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over any of Fischer et. al., Clark or Lange in view of Huang, for the reason stated in the parent application.

Double Patenting

8. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

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9. Claim 1 is provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 19 of copending Application No. 09/983,567. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because to remove various elements and their respective functions is obvious, e.g. claim 1 is only a broad version of claim 19.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

- 10. The remaining claims, if amended to overcome the indefiniteness mentioned above, would also be subject to some type of obvious type double patenting in view of both 09/983,567 and 10/029,922.
- 11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to James G. Smith whose telephone number is 703-308-1746. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th (7:05- 4:35) first Fri. off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Joseph J. Hail, III can be reached on 703-308-2687. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-1148.

James G. Smith Primary Examiner Art Unit 3723